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INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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COUNTRY	North Korea	REPORT		
SUBJECT	Town Plan of Chongsong-up,	DATE DISTR.	26 March 1959)
	Hamgyong-bukto	NO. PAGES	1	
		REFERENCES	RD	
DATE OF				25X
PLACE & DATE ACQ.				25 X 1
	A description of installations in bukto, keyed to an accompanying to		ngsong-gun, Hamgyo	25X1

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I. Details

Torm Plan, Chongadog-do.

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- 1. Emigration to Attached Town Plan of Chongadog-do. Chongadog-gom
 - 1) Ben'reing-evo (aka Hen'reing-deri): A bridge, built during the occupation, of cement concrete, about five to six meters high above the water.

2) Inderground Nater Tank: A coment structure, about ten meters long, five meters wide, and of unknown depth, equipped with two, five h.p. pumps for pulling up water to rice paddies around the town.

3) Transformer Station: A single story structure, built during the occupation, with sement coated walls and a tin roof; about 15 maters long, five maters wide, and four maters high. The walls were covered with ter-painted wooden boards outside. A 60,000 kilo-wolt electrical current came to this station from the Changjin Power Plant, Hamgyong-named for 24 hour distribution. The station was engaged in such types of job as power transmitting, wire repairing, and fee collecting. Fees were charged at the rate of 47 Wen per 60 watt consumed in each quarter of the year. The employees lived in the two amnexed residences of single story which had sement soated mad walls and tin roofs, each measuring about ten meters long, three meters wide, and three meters high and housing three families.

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4) Changeing Primery School & Ist Junior Middle School: These two schools used three structures; one was a two story structure, built during the 25X1 occupation, with coment coated walls and a coment tile roof, measuring about 30 meters long, ten meters wide, and ten meters high; another was a single story structure, built during the oncumation, with ter-painted wooden walls; the last one was built

had a red cement tile roof and mad block walls coated with white lime on the upper half and cement on the lower half, measuring about 30 meters long, 10 meters wide, and 6 meters high. The prinary school was a four year course and had about 1,000 students and 20 teachers, while the junior middle school was a three year course and had 500 to 600 students and 12 teachers.

- 5) Confusion Shrings Two single story structures of Korean style, built before the Liberation with white lime coated mud walls and tile roofs, each measuring about 15 meters long, 5 meters wide, and 4 meters high. This shrine was seldom visited by worshippers, and had an old couple residing there.
- 6) Democratic Propaganda Office. Chongadog-sto People's Committee: A single story structure, used as a store before the Idberation, with white lime coated and walls and a tin roof, measuring about 15 meters long, 10 meters wide, and 5 meters high. This office was used by the town people's committee for conference and circle activities.

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- 7) Changeing Motion Flature House: A single story, brick structure, formerly used as the county office before the Liberation, with a cement tile roof and walls coated with cement outside and with white lime inside, measuring about 30 meters long, 10 meters wide, and 5 meters high. The theater had a sepacity of about 300, charged 20 Wen for a film, and 50 or 50 Wen for a play, but there were times when a stage performance was made by a group from P'yongyang free of charge. The thoater opened 1930 hours each day and showed Soviet films most frequently, then NK and Chinese films.
- 8) Chongaing-gum IA Station: Two single story structures, used as the county police station during the occupation, with walls coated inside with white lime and covered outside with ter-painted wooden boards, each measuring about 60 meters long, 15 meters wide, and 5 meters high. This IA station had a total strength of about 50 persons (40 officers, 5 master sergeants and 5 sergeants) under the control of KIM Hak-se (MTA) (Major) who was assisted by a deputy chief (Captain). Each officer carried a Soviet made pistol, while sergeants were equipped with Prah gums. The station was divided into five units, i.e., the Safety Protection Section, the Citisenship Registration Section, the Security Section, the Investigation Section, and the Preliminary Interrogation Section. The members were found to be checking train passengers at the railroad station each time a train arrived or departed. requesting possible suspects to produce their citizenship certificates. if any.
- 9) Changeing—our Courts A single story, brick structure, presumably used 25X1 as a store by the before the Liberation with 25X1 white lime coated wells and a cement tile roof of brdinary style, 25X1 measuring about 15 meters long, 8 9 meters wide, and 5 meters high. This structure had two rooms, one used by the chief and the other for a court. When there was a trial, the prosecutor came from the Changeing—gun Prosecutor's Office, and the accused was brought from the county internal affairs station. A trial was usually held after the accused 25X1 had been fully interrogated by the Preliminary Interrogation Section of the Changeing—gun IA Station. Since the Armistice a total of about 13 oriminals had been tried, mostly for embessionent and theft.
- MIP Changesing-sum Committee: A structure, about 60 meters long, 8 meters wide, and 5 meters high. At the former site of military police which was destroyed at the time of the Liberation it was built by laborers from agricultural cooperatives and corpenters and other skilled workers from the Tongguan Coal Mine and the Changesing-gum StockFarm. The committee had a total of about 30 employees, including its seven staff personnel. Its Organizational Committee, which was comprised of the chairmen and vice-chairmen of the county KLP committee, the chairmen of the county people's committee, the chairmen of the manager of the Changesing-gum

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Farm Machine Rental Station, and the manager of the Tengguan Coal Mine, convened once every two months. Matters channeled down from the KLP Central Committee through the provincial committee were usually discussed in the presence of district (Ri) committee chairmen.

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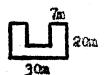
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11)	Changednasson People's Committee: Two single story, brick structures,
	one built during the occupation and the other with
	cement tile roofs and write walls coated with white lime inside. One
	measured about 30 meters long, 10 meters wide, and 5 meters high, and
	the other of "U" shape measured as follows:



The county people's committee had a total of about 40 employees.

- 12) Chongadag Branch, Farmers Banks A single story, brick structure, used as a bank since the occupation, with a cement tile roof and wells coated inside with white lime and outside with cement, measuring about 15 meters long, 10 meters wide, and 5 meters high. This branch opened from noon to 1900 hours in summer and from 0900 to 1800 hours . It was whichly engaged in losning farmers in winter such funds as stock funds, residences funds, land improvement funds, for which a private farmer was required to take due procedures at the people's committee (district). Agricultural booperative members were taken care of by their agricultural cooperatives for their loss applications. Besides, the branch handled farmers' saving accounts, 25X1 and each agricultural cooperative had its account at the branch.
- Office during the ________ occupation, with a tin roof and walls covered outside with tar-painted wooden boards, measuring about 20 meters long, 10 meters wide, and 6 meters high. This department consisted of the Accounting Section, the Post Office, and the Telegram Section, and employed a total of about 30 personnel. Postal fees were as follows: ten Win for an ordinary mail, three Win for each latter of a telegram, and 40 Win for registered mail. The department was equipped with two telegram transmitters, two receivers, a 100-circuit switchboard, and a radio relaying unit (for street boradcasting).
- 14) Private Store & National Farming Tools Stores used by the following two different stores:

structure

A) Farming Tools Store: A single story, brick structure, with a cement tile roof of ordinary style and walls coated cutside with cement



and inside with white line, measuring about 20 meters long, 8 meters wide, and 5 meters high. This store sold such items as plousheres (130 Win each), plous (drawn by one ox) (for 470 Win each unit), locks and other hardwares. Besides, it distributed agricultural chamicals to each district people's committee as directed by the agricultural department of the county people's committee. At the store a bag of lime sold for 235 Win and a bag of cament for 180 Win. These items were available to private farmers and agricultural cooperatives alike. When a cooperative wanted to buy any of the above items in a large quantity, the county people's committee took care of it. The store employed four workers.

B) Private Tin Shop: A structure of the same type as B) above. This tin shop sold and repaired such items as backets, basins, and water cens.

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- 25) Changefor for People's Committee: A single story, brick structure, used as a residence during the cocupation and occupied by the present user with white lime coated walls and a coment tile roof of ordinary type, measuring about 10 meters long, 6 meters wide, and 4 meters high. The town people's committee was menned by a chairman, a chief clerk, and two directors.
- 16) Chongaing-gum Congumers! Guild Store: A single story, brick structure, used as a store during the pecupation, with a tin roof of ordinary style and walls coated outside with coment and inside with white lime, measuring about 40 meters long, nine meters wide, and five meters high.

 The store employed about 15 workers.
- 17) National Book Store: A single story structure, used as a barber shop during the cocupation and then as a residence after the Liberation , with a tin roof of ordinary style and mud walls coated with unite lime outside, measuring about 12 meters long, eight meters wide, and four meters high. The book store had on sale such types of publications as school text-books and magazines.
- 18) Subangmu: A historical structure of three stories, built about 100 year ago and used as a watch tower against possible invasion. It was the tallest structure in Chongsong-gun.
- 19) Subsidiery Food Stuff Store & Restaurant, Consumers! Guild: Two structures used as follows:
 - A) Subsidiary Food Stuff Store: A two story, brick structure, built by the before the Idberation , with cement coated walls and a coment tile roof of ordinary style, measuring about 15 meters long, ten meters wide, and ten meters high. Items sold at the store included the following:



Alaska pollacks, fresh, 20 each	90-100	Web
Alaska pollacks, dried, 20 each	120	**
Cabbage, kilogram	12	#
Reddish, kilogrem	10	
Been sprout, kilogram	35- 40	#
Stone-leek, kilogram	95	10
Apple, kilogren	. 27	-
Soju (liquer), Tee (2 liters)	500	
Been curd, bar	10	Ħ
Reg	Unknow	8 0.
Confestions	. #	
Meat	* #	

Carlies and hot peppers were raised in considerable quantities in the county, enough to be sent to P'yongyang in autumn. Beef and purk were sold three times each month on average, beef for 150 Won and pork for 110 Won per kilogram. Actually, beef and pork were searce.

- B) Restaurant: A structure built after the Idberation (15 Aug 45).
- 20) Changeing—gum Comemers! Guild Store: A single story, wooden structure, built during the cocupation, with a tile roof of ordinary style and walls coated with white line on the upper half and with cement on the lower half, measuring about 40 meters long, ten meters wide, and five meters high. Commodities sold at this store included the followings

Cloth, cotton, meter . Cloth, wool, meter 1,000 - 4,000 400 -700 Poplin, meter Cloth, silk (Yudeng), meter 1,100 - 1,300 Cloth, silk (Mobondan), meter 1,600 Shoes, black, son, pair 150 -350 Shoes, black, children, pair 90 -100 Shoes, black, women, pair 200 -300 Underwear, winter, set 3,500 " Underwear, spring, set 500 -T-shirt, each 150 -200 Socks, pair 80 -120 Cigarette, "Changsan" brand, pack Cigarette, "Taedongmun" brand, pack Cigarette, "Halmsegi" Cigarette, "Kanapi" brand, pack Tobacco, "Changsuyan" brand, pack 15 20 60 Confections Unknown Pencils. Unknown Note-books Unknown Paper Unknown

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25X1 21) Chongsong-gun People's Hospital: This hospital was formerly used by as a store during the occupation, and was then converted to a nospital after the Liberation and was planned for expansion The hospital was constructed as follows: 25X1 A) A two story, brick structure, with a tin roof and walls coated inside with white lime and outside with coment, measuring about 20 meters long, ten meters wide, and ten meters high. The hospital employed three doctors, 12 murses, two pharmacists, and two accountants, all of whom were controlled by the chief. B) A single story, brick struct re, built as a residence during the occupation, with a tin roof and white lime coated walls, 25X1 measuring about ten meters long, nine meters wide, and four meters high. This structure was used as a pharmacy, where all types of 25X1medicine made by the Soviet Union, East Germany, and NK were issed. C) A single story, brick structure, tuilt before the Liberation 25X1 , with walls coated with white lime on the upper half and with cement on the lower half. This structure was used as a ward for patients and was furnished with 18 heds, a kitchen, and a bath. The number of beds was said to be increased when the hospital was expanded. Consumers! Guild Barber Shop: A single story structure, built as a 25X1 store before the Liberation 25X1 , with a cement tile roof and mud walls coated with white lime on the upper half and with cement on the lower half, measuring about 1; meters long, nine meters wide, and five meters high. The barber shop was installed with four chairs and served no toilet articles. It opined from 0600 to 1900 hours and charged grown-ups 30 Wen each and shildren 15 Wen each. Chongedng-up Tex-in-Kind Warehouses: These W. rehouses were built after the Armistics and controlled by the Food Administration 25X1 Department of the Chongseng-gun People's Commit'es. A) Warehouses: Two single story structures, with waite lime coated mud walls and a tin roof, each measuring about 60 sters long, 15 meters wide, and seven meters high. They were encir led by a mid fence, about two meters high, along the top of which is additional barbed wire fence, about one meter, was strung. B) Office: A single story structure with white lime coated and walls and a red-painted cement tile roof, measuring about 15 meters long, eight meters wide, and five meters high. The office employed our clerical workers. CONFIDENTIAL

Hve Hve	rm, and beans. Beans and corn produced in the area of Chongaging-gun re sent to Plysingvang and other areas in exchange for rice produced i anghae-do. Rice was brought from Hwanghae-do by trucks of the anghae-do Automotive Station, while beans and corn were carried away trucks of the Hoerysing Automotive Station.
lat	ingsong Farm Machine Rental Station: This rental station was built, the autumn of 1957, by the Hamgyong-bukto Trust with the help of the screen of the station.
A)	Office: A single stery, brick structure, with brick walls and a red tile roof, measuring about 20 meters long, ten meters wide, and five meters high.
	Office: A single stery, brick structure, with brick walls and a red tile roof, measuring about 20 meters long, ten meters wide, and five meters high. Tractor Garage: A single story, brick structure, with walls on the three sides and a tin roof, measuring about 50 meters long, ten meters wide, and five meters high. This garage was capable of accommodating about 20 tractors.
A) B) C)	five meters high. Tractor Garage: A single story, brick structure, with walls on the three sides and a tin roof, measuring about 50 meters long, ten meters wide, and five meters high. This garage was capable of accommodating about 20 tractors.

cultivation in such counties as Chongsong-gun, Onsong-gun, and Hoeryonggun. 25) Stadium: A racing track, about 200 meters long, constructed in one month by the Chongaging-up People's Committee as a result of

. The station was engaged in farmland

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mobilising citizens and students in the torm. The stadium was also used on such occasions as the August 15 Liberation Day and May Day, while the Chongaing Senior Middle School used it as the schoolground.

- 26) Chonsing Senior Middle School: Two single story structures, formerly used by the Chongoing Middle School during the occupation, with coment coated mud walls and tin roofs, each measuring about 60 meters long, ten meters wide, and six meters high. This school was a three year course and had about 300 to 400 students and 20 teachers. Of its graduates, about 30 percent took sdranged courses at colleges and professional schools, five percent took jobs at primary schools, ten percent at farm organisations, five percent at city organisations, and the rest joined the NK Armed Forces, chiefly the army. Actually, a considerable number of them entered normal and medical professional schools. To enter a college or a professional school, each senior middle school graduate was required to obtain recommendations from the educational department of the county people's commit ee. With regard to the Chongsong Senior Middle School, it was said that a new three story structure would be built in the future.
- Chongesing Market: About 20 to 30 wooden stalls, all built after the Liberation , selling subsidiary food stuff, toilet articles, sceks, and other daily commodities. Besides, there were observed street venders selling rice cakes and vermicalli on the street. At this "arkst, housewives bought subsidiary food stuffs."
- 28) Private Thm: A single story, wooden structure of orean style, used as an imm before and after the Liberation, with white lime coated walls and a cement tile roof, measuring about 15 meters long, eight meters wide, and four meters high. This imm provided guests with room and board, requiring each of them to register his name, address, and other related matters and charging 200 Wan for one night's stay with two meals and 40 Wan just for one night's stay.
- Chongsong Branch, Central Bank: A single story, brick structure, used as a residence by a Korean before the Liberation and then occupied by the present user _____, with white lime coated walls and a tile roof, measuring about 15 meters long, nine meters wide, and four meters high. It was surrounded by an about one and a half meter high wooden fence. This branch employed three male and seven female workers, had the Receipts & Disbursements Section, and the Planning Section under its chief, and was equipped with an adding machine.

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30)	TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL AND TOTAL Y STUBTS MEDIA	
	wooden structure, with a tin roof and walls nainted with tan outside	٠
	measuring about 30 meters long, ten meters wide, and seron meters to be	
	"ILL MILL MED DOOR IN Operation since before the Tiberation also	
	or writer Jorden the Indox a Michigan Company in	25X1
	ing themili to the cooperative similtaneously. The will are	
	WAVI BUUI DECRINES AS ICIIONS: One wise well-ship	
	POL WEN'/ COM INITIANO MARCIN NO (30) + AND MAR June)	
	- MOLLES CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	25X1
	and two bellows. The mill was also open to private formand and addition	
	and charged 27 Won for cleaning 50 kilograms of rice.	
31)	S CALLACO DUCTY A BULLION BUTTONO NOTE IN The	
	as a noter balore the Liberation and nartly converted for any and	
	and a mind with with white lime coated wells and a second at a	
	roof, measuring about 30 meters long, eight, meters reids, and as an arrival	
	"" " " TUIL 1) FUORE and one office, the hotel was avaluated to the	
	Protes of totals cuisity coming them the state of the sta	
	amen monor mad one tottowing cubincted, atives who light and a manage	
	VALAUARIDI UNBIRRO III) Wan for one pichtic man and le a	
	CONTACT AND ASSET ADMITTED WELL DULKE LANGE LINE WAS AND FOR THE TACKET OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	
	with fice, vegetables, and others (meals at a national hotel year and	. Y1
	whose husband	<i>'/</i> \ 1
	died of a disease during the occupation and who had previously	
	worked as the chairman of the Chongsong-gun DWL and as the chief of the	
	kindergarten of the Tonggwan Coal Mine.	
32)	Chongsong-gun Procurement Station: A single story, wooden structure,	
	Tornerry used as a tobacco monopoly division duming the	
	occupation, with a tin roof and walls control with assembly	(1
	with with time inside. with a total of mine and and and	
	"F"" TTT TO THE TO VALUE WALLED IN CONTRACT OF THE WORK WALLED A	
	departured to procure meat (beef and mont)	
	25 July 1100. Lobacco leaves and stress bare	5X1
	administration department of the county peoplets committee	
	production activities within the country will	
	also ride a store, which was built during the	X 1
	a wooden. Single story structure with wells	
	store was used for keeping tobacco leaves, cocoons, and straw bags.	
3)	Chongadag-man Road Cooperatives & sincle states	
7]	Chongsong-gun Food Cooperative: A single story structure, successively used as a distillery before the Liberation, a national distillery 2	5 Y 1
	wasterny values one presention, a metional distillery 2	

until _____, the Chongsong-gun Food Factory, and then the Chongsong-gun Food Cooperative. It had red brick walls and a tin roof, measuring about 50 meters long, ten meters wide, and dix meters high. It also had a chimney of brick, about 15 meters high and one meter in diameter. With about 40 employees, including 15 female confectionery makers, the cooperative produced chiefly bean paste and bean sauce, plus 10 types of confectionery, which were not sold to private citizens but supplied to consumers' guild stores and other organizations in the county.

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Chongeong Railroad Station: A single story, brick structure, built during the occupation, with cement coated walls and a dement tile roof, measuring about 15 meters long, nine meters wide, and six meters high. It was divided into such sections as an office, a booking office, a waiting hall, a luggage office, a station-master's office, a ticket examining gate, a ticket collecting gate (located outside), and a baggage checking office. The railroad station had a total of 15 employees, including the station-master, then YANG T'se-ok(NTA) (Rank: three small stars - equivalent to senior lieutenant in the NKPA), the deputy station-master (One small star - equivalent to junior lieutenant) and five master sergeants. Its train schedule was as follows

		•		
Type of Train	Place of Departure	<u>Destination</u>	Departure or Arrival 2	25X1
Passenger	Chongsong	P'yprigyang	1040 hours	
Passenger	P'yongyang	Najin	1732 hours (1 minute's st	ay)
Passenger & Freight	Sangbong	Najin	0602 hours (*)	
*	Nemyang	Ch! onglin	0750 hours (#)	

From the Changeing Railroad Station, most cargo trains were bound for Chiengjin, the Tonggwan Coal Mine, and the Aoji Coal Mine. Locomotives and cars included those which had been in use since the occupation and those which had been donated by the Zeechs. The above train schedule appeared to be effective for some time to come

2. Jeneral Description of Chongesong-up:

1) Chongsong-up had a population of about 4,000, mostly living in about 400 residences of Korean style. Of the population, about 95 percent was farmers, and the rest was comprised of laborers, private citizens, and public officials.

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	د,	of three	and suffered nothing from the Eogean airplanes which passed over the tow	Mar, except the case
	3)	Roads running sand, and pet	through the town were all of Grade blas.	III, covered with dirt,
	4)	Subject and n plan of Chong	ever heard of any plan envisioning a	ny change in the town
	5)	No apparent a	hanges in population and town were of ith what it had been before the War.	bserved with Changsing up,
	6)	Changeing-gun	Hangyong-bukto, a bus line was extips each day - one leaving from a bus Communications Department at 0900 hours and departing 1330 hours.	s stop in front of the
		Chonge dag - ye	- Plunggye-ri, Chongeing-gun	80 Wøn
		Chongapang-in	Tengp'o-ri, Chongsing-gun	9 0 "
		Changeing-in-	Bulsan-ni, Chonging-gun	1.20 "
	, .	Chongaing-in	Pringehring-ni, Chongsing-gun Rysying-ni, Chongsing-gun	Unknown
		Changedne to	Haksaeng-ni, Chongseng-gun	R St
		Changaing-up	- Counties in Hoeryong-gun	N
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